DE 817 Diffractive Optical Element



Within the recommended wavelength range, the central spot / zeroth order (Z0) has a similar power as the desired off-axis orders of the dot matrix. Pattern size and pattern angles, and the ratio between central spot / zeroth order and desired orders will vary most with the wavelength. Diffraction efficiencies given on this datasheet have been measured using elements of product revision A.

The DOEs are best used with collimated or convergent laser sources. The microstructure surface should be oriented towards the laser. The 0-order spot is equivalent in size and shape to the original beam, but its power is attenuated.

Diffraction angles & efficiencies

Wavelength	Pattern Size @ 100 mm Distance				Pattern Angles			
λ [nm]	a [mm]	b [mm]	c [mm]	d [mm]	α [°]	β [°]	γ [°]	δ [°]
750	9.7	6.9	0.49	6.9	5.6	3.9	0.28	3.9
800	10.4	7.3	0.52	7.3	5.9	4.2	0.30	4.2
820	10.6	7.5	0.54	7.5	6.1	4.3	0.31	4.3

Table 1: Pattern size and pattern angle depending on the wavelength



Orders at 800nm



Upper image: pattern recorded by camera

Left image: Efficiencies measured by sensor

> HOLOEYE Photonics AG Volmerstr. 1 12489 Berlin, Germany doe@holoeye.com www.holoeye.com

MOUNTED VERSION

For testing or setups under laboratory conditions, we offer a version mounted in a black anodized 25 mm aluminum frame for use with standard laboratory holders.



25 mm anodized aluminum mount with 8.95 x 8.55 mm clear aperture

COLLIMATED /

The laser can be collimated for long-range use or converging for a fixed working distance. Please note that the size/thickness of each spot or line depends on the focusing of the laser.

*the recommended wavelength range is defined with Z0≤1%



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DE 817 Rev.A – v 0.1 – Specifications are subject to change without notice.